

## BIVARIATE PLOTS

## Bivariate plots

- Main goal: verify the existence of relationships in two variables
- The definition of which type of visualization we need to build depends on the variables we are using
- Scatterplots: two numeric variables
- Line plots: two numeric variables
- Box-plots and violin plots: categorical and numeric variables
- Heatmaps: two numeric variables or one categorical and one numeric


4


5


Overplotting, transparency, and jitter

- When creating multivariate plots, it is common for us to have so many data points cluttered in the same region
- This is called overplotting, and it prevents us from analyzing the data properly
- A few ideas to handle overplotting:

Marker size
Transparency
Density

Sampling
Filtering
Clustering

Example - numeric variables


8

## Example - categorical and numeric variables




9

## DESIGN CHOICES

## Overplotting

- Issue that araises when there are many data points that share the same region in the plot
- Ways to overcome overplotting:
- Jitter
- Marker size
- Transparency
- Density
- Sampling
- Filtering
- Clustering

Hands-on

- Let's code of the examples of bivariate plots
- And let's also overcome overplotting using the techniques mentioned earlier.


## Overplotting examples



Numeric variable vs. categorical variable


## ACTIVITY

Back to Kobe's shots

- It is time to conduct a data analysis
- Try to work as follows:
- State an hypothesis/question about the data

- Analyze and plot the data
- Discuss the visualization, either by corroborating or invalidating the hypothesis

